

Title IX - Parent FAQ

1. Can my student's identity be unknown if we wish to file a complaint?
 - a. No, if a complaint is filed, the other student and parents are entitled to see who is making the claim against them and the exact accusation being made.
2. How long does a complaint take until it is complete, and a decision is made?
 - a. A student complaint filed in a Title IX case can usually take around 20 school days from start to end.
3. What happens if my child does not want to give a statement?
 - a. All students are provided an opportunity to tell their side of the situation. This is done when the school administration asks them to write a statement. If they do not provide one, there is no consequence. The Title IX decision will be based on what evidence is collected.
4. Who looks at the evidence collected in the case?
 - a. All evidence collected during the process is shared with the students involved in the Title IX case (complainant and respondent) and their parents.
5. If there is a video of the incident, can I watch it?
 - a. As part of the evidence collected, a written summary will be shared with the students involved in the Title IX case (complainant and respondent) and their parents.
6. Do I need a lawyer if a complaint is filed against my child?
 - a. No, you are not required to obtain a lawyer. You have a right to obtain a lawyer or advisor throughout the process to ensure that the Title IX proceedings were followed.
7. What happens if police are involved in the incident?
 - a. If there is both a Title IX Complaint and a police criminal investigation regarding the same incident, the Title IX process will not interfere with the police process.
8. Who do I talk to if I am unsatisfied with the Title IX outcome?
 - a. The decision letter that is emailed and mailed to the student's home includes instructions on how to appeal and the criteria needed to appeal.